



Ralph C. Mahar Regional School

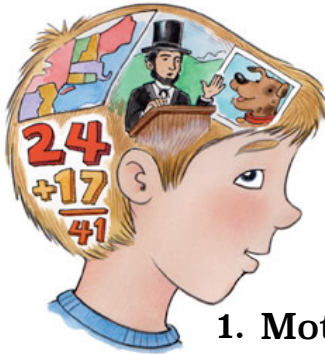
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1. Learners must be engaged in their learning through clear learning intentions and criteria for success in the classroom.
2. Learners need opportunities to recall, reorganize, and make meaning of learning.
3. Learners need to engage in an appropriate pace of instruction, based on their level of readiness.
4. Teachers' fundamental task is to use formative assessment that evaluates the effect of the learning experience on students' learning and achievement.



Establishing Relevancy and Motivation

1. Motivating students to engage in learning requires the students to perceive a **kno**_____ **g**_____.
2. The ability to close this **kno**_____ **g**_____ must be perceived as realistic and doable, with **scaf**_____.
3. Teachers help students perceive these **kno**_____ **g**_____ by explicitly identifying the **int**_____ of the lesson and showing them what **su**_____ looks like at the end.

Strategies

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**Illusion of
Explanatory Depth**



Illusion of Competence



Interleaving Practice

Strategies



Make Student Thinking Visible...

1. Ask students to **ob**_____ and **de**_____ what they “see”.
2. Build **ex**_____ and **int**_____.
3. **Re**_____ with **ev**_____.
4. Make **co**_____.
5. Consider different **v**_____ and **pe**_____.
6. Capture the **big i**_____ and **form** **co**_____.
7. Promote inquiry or the **a**_____ of more **q**_____.
8. Uncover the **co**_____ by going **below** the **s**_____.



Ritchhart, Church, and Morrison, 2011

Strategies

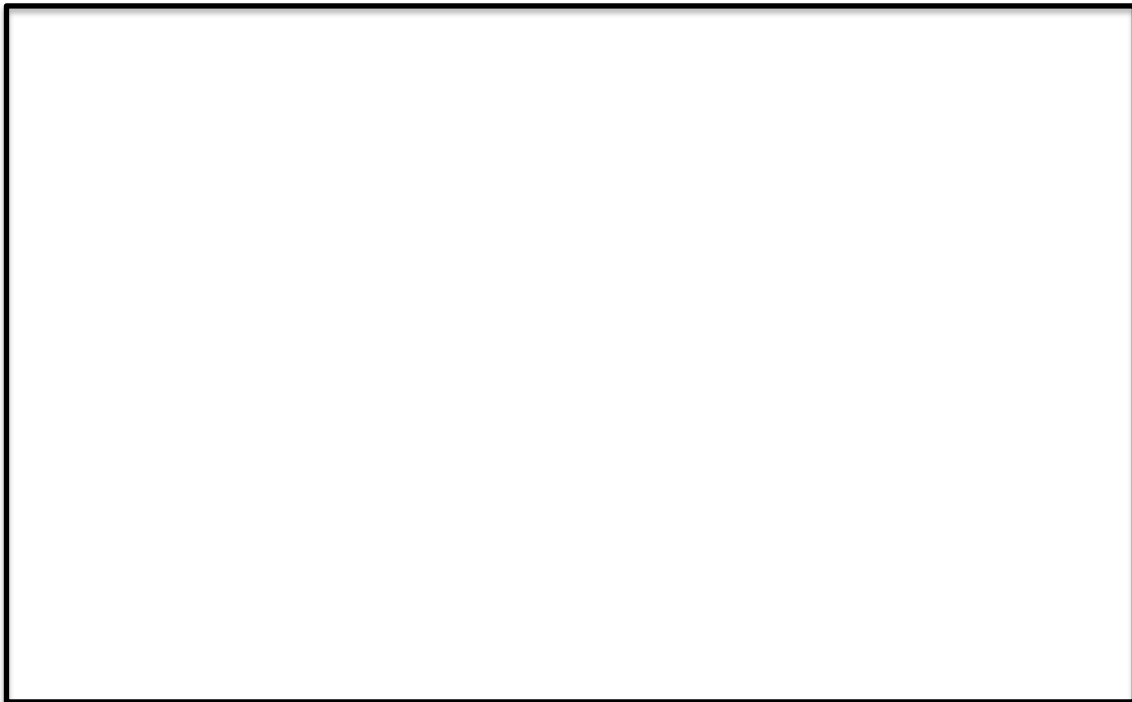
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- Personal Response
- Clear and Modeled Expectations
- Emotional Safety
- Social Interaction
- Sense of Audience
- Choice
- Novelty
- Authenticity



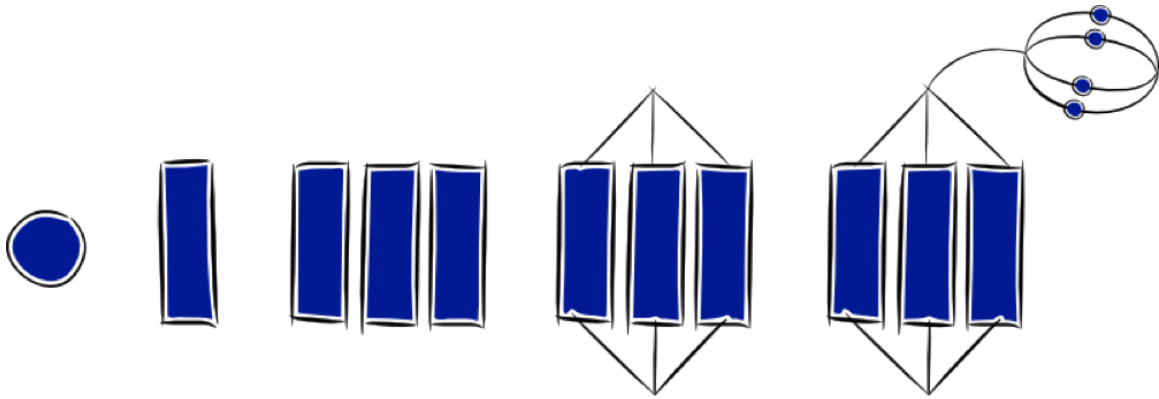
Antonetti and Garver, 2015

Strategies



The Structure of Observed Learning Outcomes

SOLO Taxonomy





Success Criteria	Opportunities to Respond	Feedback

Strategies